Performance Evaluation of Ready-to-Use Culture Media, Easy Plate SA for Enumeration of *Staphylococcus Aureus* in a Broad Range of Foods

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1. Introduction

•For the enumeration of *Staphylococcus aureus*, **Baird-Parker agar (BPA)** is traditionally used according to the ISO 6888-1:2021: Enumeration of coagulase-positive staphylococci.

•A type of Ready-to-use (RTU) media, Easy Plate SA (E-SA) (Kikkoman Biochemifa Company) can be alternatively used to provide many benefits including **reduced time to result**, **simplicity of use** and is **plastic-saving** compared to the traditional method.



2. Summary

E-SA showed comparativeness to ISO 6888-1:2021 for a broad range of foods.

E-SA is found to be

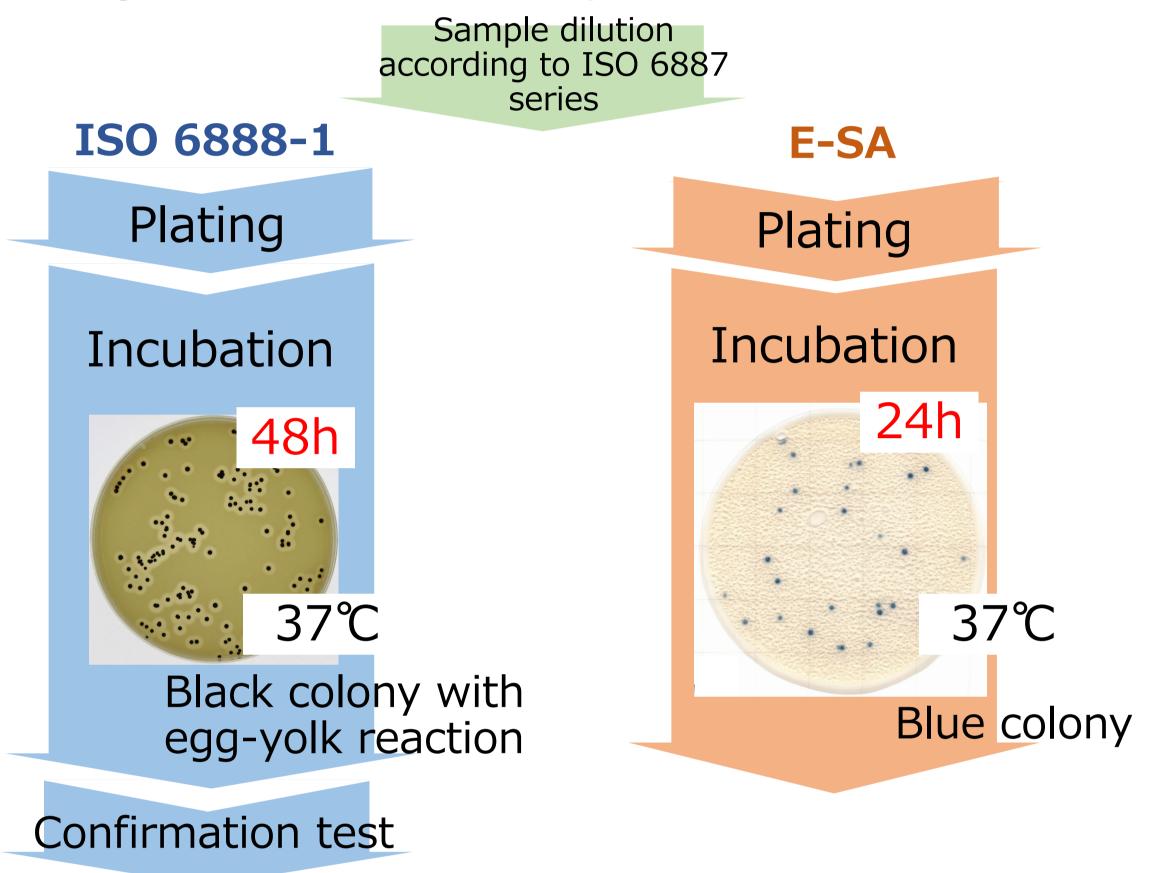
- 1. Reliable method to enumerate *S. aureus*✓ Comparative to the traditional ISO 6888-1 method
- 2. Applicable to a broad range of foods

 With reasonable repeatability and accuracy
- 3. Provide results in 24h
 - ✓ Saves 24h compared with the traditional BPA method
- 4. Excels at differentiating *S. aureus*.
 - ✓ Clear colonies with greater selectivity to reduce misinterpretation

3. Methods & Results

The Method validation study was done **according to ISO 16140-2:2016**, with ISO 6888-1 (2021) as the reference method. Analysis using E-SA was performed following manufacturer's instructions.

Figure 1. Method comparison work flow



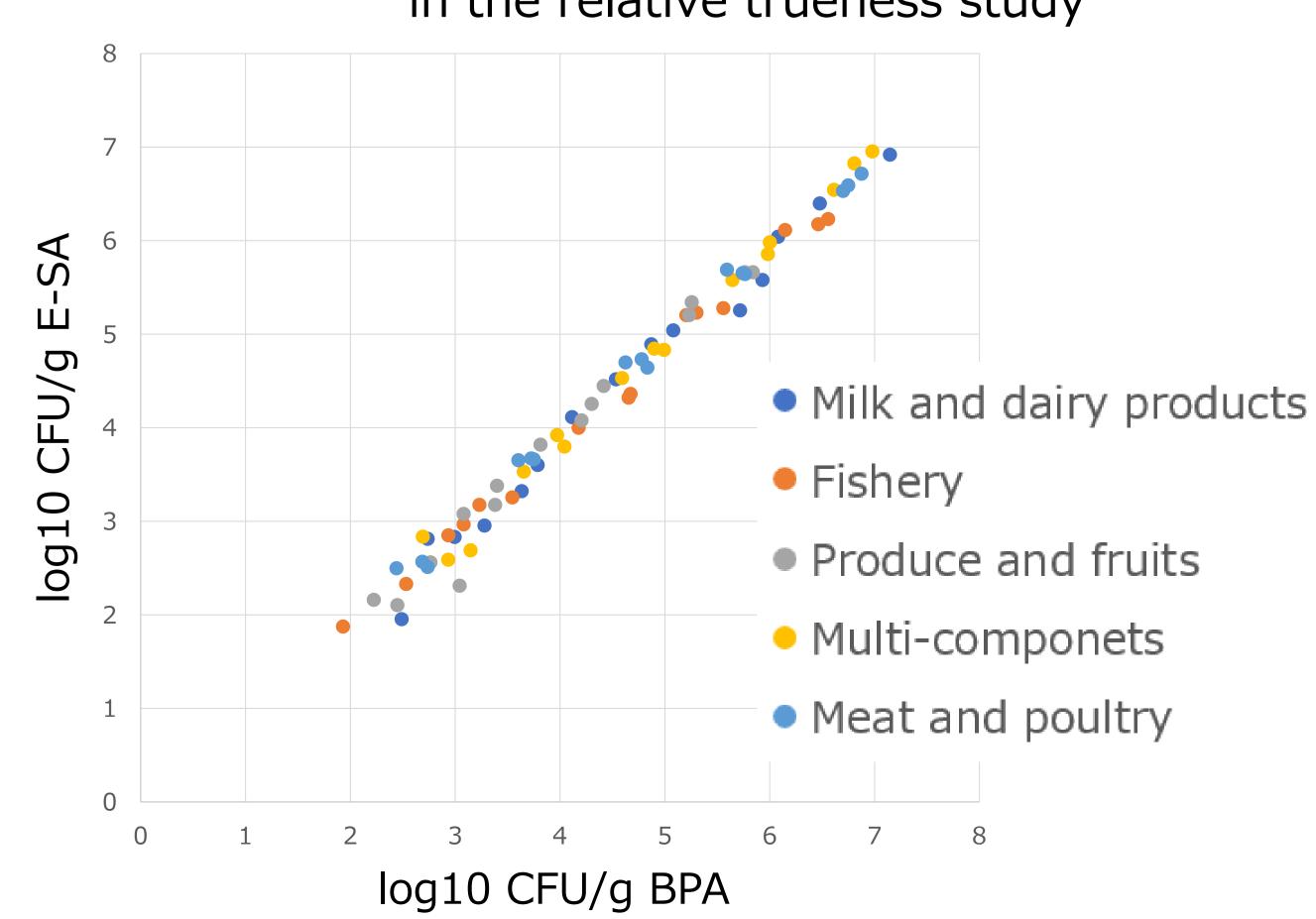
3.1. Relative trueness study

- •A total of **75 foods across 5 categories** was tested. Each category contained 3 types and 15 items per category. Details of categories and types used are shown in Table 1.
 - → No significant difference between E-SA and the ISO method was noted as revealed in the scatter plot displayed in Figure 2 below.

Table 1. Categories and types tested in Relative trueness study

	Types	
Dairy	Raw milk and dairy products	
(raw and processed)	Pasterurised milk and dairy products	
and egg products	Processed egg products	
Fishery	Raw fish (unprocessed)	
(raw, ready-to-eat,	RTE/RTC/RTRH fish and seafoods	
ready-to-reheat, ready-to-cook)	Crustaceans	
Produce and fruits (fresh and processed)	Cut ready-to-eat vegetables/	
	leafy greens and sprouts	
	Fresh fruit/Cut RTE fruit and vegetable	
	products	
	Heat treated fruit and vegetables	
	Composite foods	
Multi-component foods	with substantial raw ingredients	
or meal components	RTRH/RTE foods (chilled, frozen)	
	Mayonnaise based deli-salads	
Most and noultwy	Cooked meat and poultry products	
Meat and poultry	Fermented or dried products	
(ready-to-eat, ready-to-reheat)	Raw cured products	
Figure 2. Scatter plot for	all categories	

Figure 2. Scatter plot for all categories in the relative trueness study



3.2. Accuracy profile study

· A total of 150 artificially contaminated samples across 5 categories with 2 items per category was tested in this section. Each item used was contaminated at 3 levels, with 5 replicates analyzed per level

→ **All 5 categories passed** the 0.5log acceptability limits or the recalculated limits.

3.3. Inclusivity and Exclusivity

- ·Inclusivity was examined with 50 *S. aureus* strains from various sources.
 - \rightarrow E-SA was found to be **comparative to the ISO method**.
- •Exclusivity was examined with 31 non-target isolates.
 - → E-SA outperformed the **ISO** method.

Table 2. Summary results of inclusivity and exclusivity

Inclusivity (Target)		Exclusivity (Non-target)	
ISO 6888-1 (BPA)	E-SA	ISO 6888-1 (BPA)*	E-SA
100% (50/50)	100% (50/50)	71% (22/31)	97% (30/31)

^{*} Presumptive results recorded for exclusivity isolates

Table 3. Microorganisms tested for exclusivity

	Table 5. Mil	Croorganisms	tested for exclusivit	У	
No.	Organism	Source	Identity if available	BPA ISO 6888-1	E-SA
1	Bacillus cereus	Dairy product	Industrial strain	✓	V
2	Bacillus cereus	Unknown	ATCC 10876, NCTC 7464	✓	~
3	Bacillus subtilis	Unknown	ATCC 6633, NCTC 10400	✓	V
4	Brochothrix thermospacta	Pork sausage	NCTC 10822	✓	V
5	Flavobacterium species	Unknown	Industrial strain	✓	<u> </u>
6	Enterobacter agglomerans	Raw mince	Industrial Strain	✓	V
7	Enterococcus faecalis	Urine	NCIMB 13280, ATCC 29212	✓	✓
8	Enterococcus faecalis	Unknown	NCTC 775	✓	V
9	Escherichia coli	Raw ground beef	Industrial Strain	✓	V
10	Lactobacillus brevis	Unknown	NCTC13386	✓	V
11	Lactobacillus gasseri	Human source	NCIMB 13081	✓	V
12	Leuconostoc mesenteroides	Ham	Industrial strain	✓	V
13	Listeria monocytogenes	Soft cheese	Industrial strain	✓	V
14	Micrococcus luteus	Unknown	NCTC 2665, ATCC 13507	✓	V
15	Pediococcus pentosaceus	Brine	Industrial strain	✓	V
16	Pseudomonas rhodesiae	Unknown	Industrial strain	✓	V
17	Salmonella Enteritidis	Fish cakes	Industrial strain	✓	V
18	Salmonella typhimurium	Chicken	Industrial strain	✓	V
19	Staphylococcus caprae	Goat	Industrial strain	×	V
20	Staphylococcus carnosus	Fermented sausage	Industrial strain	×	V
21	Staphylococcus cohnii	Unknown	Industrial strain	×	×
22	Staphylococcus epidemidis	Human skin	Industrial strain	×	V
23	Staphylococcus hominis	Dried milk powder	Industrial strain	✓	V
24	Staphylococcus hyicus	Pig skin	Industrial strain	×	V
25	Staphylococcus intermedius	Pigeons	NCTC 11048, ATCC 29663	×	V
26	Staphylococcus piscifermentans	Unknown	Industrial strain	×	~
27	Staphylococcus sciuri	Unknown	Industrial strain	×	V
28	Staphylococcus simulans	Human skin	Industrial strain	✓	V
29	Staphylococcus warneri	German salami	Industrial strain	×	V
30	Staphylococcus xylosus	Mettwurst sausage	Industrial strain	✓	V
31	Streptococcus lactis	Milk powder	Industrial strain	✓	V

[&]quot; \times " indicates false-positive while " \vee " indicates successfully suppressed.

NB: 8/9 presumptive positive colonies on BPA were confirmed as coagulase negative.